

BACKGROUND

The *Jumonji* (Jmj) gene was identified by a mouse gene trap approach and has essential roles in the development of multiple tissues. The Jmj protein has a DNA binding domain, ARID, and two conserved Jmj domains (JmjN and JmjC).

Several proteins in the Jumonji family are involved in transcriptional repression and/or chromatin regulation. Recently human members of the family have been shown to be a histone demethylases, and the JmjC domain is essential for demethylase activity.

Jumonji domain containing 1B (JMJD1B, also known as KDM3B/JHDM2B) contains a highly-conserved Cterminus, which includes a zinc finger with the unique spacing Cys-X2-Cys-X7-His-X2-Cys-X2-Cys-X4-Cys-X2-Cys and a JmjC domain. JMJD1B has been shown to be a histone demethylase responsible for demethylating mono methyl histone H3 at K9.3 Methylation of H3-K4 and H3-K9 is linked to transcriptional activation and repression, respectively. JMJD1B plays an important role in chromatin regulation and gene expression, and controls development through various signaling pathways. It may also be a candidate for tumor suppressors.

References:

- 1. Jung J et al.: Dev Dyn. 232:21-32, 2005.
- 2. Shin S & Janknecht R: Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 353:973-7, 2007.
- 3. Natoli G et al.: Curr. Opin. Drug Dis. Dev. 12:607-615, 2009.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Source:

JMJD1B Antibody is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against human JMJD1B carboxyl-terminal sequence.

Specificity and Sensitivity:

This monoclonal antibody detects endogenous levels of JMJD1B protein in normal primary cell lysates.

Storage Buffer: PBS and 30% glycerol

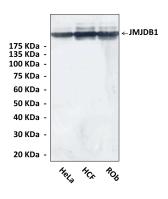
Storage:

Store at -20°C for at least one year. Store at 4°C for frequent use. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

APPLICATIONS

Application:	*Dilution:
WB	1:1000
IP	1:50
IHC	1:100
ICC	n/d
FACS	n/d
*Optimal dilutions must be determined by end user.	

QUALITY CONTROL DATA



Western Blot detection of endogenous JMJD1B protein in normal primary cell lysates using JMJD1B antibody. HCF: Human Cardiac Fibroblasts. ROb: Rat Osteoblasts.





